

128 kesyon egzamen sitwayènte a, an angle ak kreyòl

128 kesyon ofisyèl edikasyon sivik USCIS yo (2025), an angle ak kreyòl ayisyen youn akote lòt, ak repons ofisyèl la. Gid etid gratis Patina Education.

Chak repons ofisyèl gen tradiksyon li anba li.

Tradiksyon sa a fèt ak teknoloji lang epi yon moun ki pale lang nan depi nesans poko revize l. Se anglè a ki ofisyèl.
patinaeducation.com/pages/suggest

Gouvènman ameriken an • Prensip

1. What is the form of government of the United States?

Ki fòm gouvènman Etazini genyen?

- Republic
Yon repiblik
- Constitution-based federal republic
Yon repiblik federal ki baze sou Konstitisyon an
- Representative democracy
Yon demokrasi reprezantatif

2. ★ What is the supreme law of the land?

Ki lwa siprèm peyi a?

- (U.S.) Constitution
Konstitisyon (Etazini) an

3. Name one thing the U.S. Constitution does.

Site yon bagay Konstitisyon Etazini fè.

- Forms the government
Li fòme gouvènman an
- Defines powers of government
Li defini pouvwa gouvènman an
- Defines the parts of government
Li defini pati gouvènman an
- Protects the rights of the people
Li pwoteje dwa pèp la

4. The U.S. Constitution starts with the words "We the People." What does "We the People" mean?

Konstitisyon Etazini kòmanse ak mo "We the People" (Nou menm, Pèp la). Kisa "We the People" vle di?

- Self-government
Oto-gouvènman
- Popular sovereignty
Souverènte popilè
- Consent of the governed
Konsantman moun yo gouvène yo
- People should govern themselves
Pèp la dwe gouvène tèt li
- (Example of) social contract
(Egzanp) kontra sosyal

5. How are changes made to the U.S. Constitution?

Kijan yo fè chanjman nan Konstitisyon Etazini?

- Amendments
Amanman
- The amendment process
Pwosesis amannman an

6. What does the Bill of Rights protect?

Kisa Deklarasyon Dwa (Bill of Rights) la pwoteje?

- (The basic) rights of Americans
Dwa (fondamantal) Ameriken yo
- (The basic) rights of people living in the United States
Dwa (fondamantal) moun k ap viv Etazini yo

7. ★ How many amendments does the U.S. Constitution have?

Konbyen amannman Konstitisyon Etazini genyen?

- Twenty-seven (27)
Vennsèt (27)

8. Why is the Declaration of Independence important?

Poukisa Deklarasyon Endependans lan enpòtan?

- It says America is free from British control.
Li di Amerik lib anba kontwòl Britanik la.
- It says all people are created equal.
Li di tout moun kreye egal.
- All men are created equal.
Tout moun kreye egal.
- It identifies inherent rights.
Li idantifye dwa natirèl yo.
- It identifies individual freedoms.
Li idantifye libète endividyèl yo.

9. What founding document said the American colonies were free from Britain?

Ki dokiman fondatè ki te di koloni Ameriken yo te lib anba Grann Bretay?

- Declaration of Independence
Deklarasyon Endependans lan

10. Name two important ideas from the Declaration of Independence and the U.S. Constitution.

Site de lide enpòtan ki soti nan Deklarasyon Endependans lan ak Konstitisyon Etazini.

Give 2:

- Equality
Bay 2: Egalite
- Liberty
Libète
- Social contract
Kontra sosyal
- Natural rights
Dwa natirèl
- Limited government
Gouvènman limite
- Self-government
Oto-gouvènman

11. The words "Life, Liberty, and the pursuit of Happiness" are in what founding document?

Mo "Lavi, Libète, ak rechèch Bonè" yo nan ki dokiman fondatè?

- Declaration of Independence
Deklarasyon Endependans lan

12. ★ What is the economic system of the United States?

Ki sistèm ekonomik Etazini genyen?

- Capitalism
Kapitalis
- Free market economy
Ekonomi mache lib

13. What is the rule of law?

Kisa règ lalwa (rule of law) ye?

- Everyone must follow the law.
Tout moun dwe swiv lalwa.
- Leaders must obey the law.
Dirijan yo dwe obeyi lalwa.
- Government must obey the law.
Gouvènman an dwe obeyi lalwa.
- No one is above the law.
Pèsonn pa pi wo pase lalwa.

14. Many documents influenced the U.S. Constitution. Name one.

Anpil dokiman te enfluyanse Konstitisyon Etazini. Site youn.

- Declaration of Independence
Deklarasyon Endepandans lan
- Articles of Confederation
Atik Konfederasyon yo
- Federalist Papers
Federalist Papers yo
- Anti-Federalist Papers
Anti-Federalist Papers yo
- Virginia Declaration of Rights
Deklarasyon Dwa Vijini an
- Fundamental Orders of Connecticut
Fundamental Orders of Connecticut
- Mayflower Compact
Mayflower Compact la
- Iroquois Great Law of Peace
Gran Lwa Lapè Irokwa a

15. There are three branches of government. Why?

Gen twa branch gouvènman. Poukisa?

- So one part does not become too powerful
Pou yon sèl pati pa vin twò pisan
- Checks and balances
Kontwòl ak balans
- Separation of powers
Separasyon pouvwa yo

Sistèm gouvènman an

16. Name the three branches of government.

Site twa branch gouvènman yo.

- Legislative, executive, and judicial
Lejislatif, egzekitif, ak jidisyè
- Congress, president, and the courts
Kongrè a, prezidan an, ak tribinal yo

17. The President of the United States is in charge of which branch of government?

Prezidan Etazini an responsab ki branch gouvènman?

- Executive branch
Branch egzekitif la

18. What part of the federal government writes laws?

Ki pati nan gouvènman federal la ki ekri lwa yo?

- (U.S.) Congress
Kongrè (Etazini) an
- (U.S. or national) legislature
Lejislati (Etazini oswa nasyonal) la
- Legislative branch
Branch lejislatif la

19. What are the two parts of the U.S. Congress?

Ki de pati Kongrè Etazini genyen?

- Senate and House (of Representatives)
Sena a ak Chanm (Reprezantan yo)

20. ★ Name one power of the U.S. Congress.

Site yon pouvwa Kongrè Etazini genyen.

- Writes laws
Li ekri lwa
- Declares war
Li deklare lagè
- Makes the federal budget
Li fè bidjè federal la

21. How many U.S. senators are there?

Konbyen senatè Etazini genyen?

- One hundred (100)
San (100)

22. How long is a term for a U.S. senator?

Konbyen tan yon manda senatè Etazini dire?

- Six (6) years
Sis (6) an

23. Who is one of your state's U.S. senators now?

Kilès ki youn nan senatè Etazini pou eta w la kounye a?

- Answers will vary, depends on where you live.
Repons yo ap varye, sa depann kote w ap viv.

24. How many voting members are in the House of Representatives?

Konbyen manm ki gen dwa vote ki nan Chanm Reprezantan yo?

- Four hundred thirty-five (435)
Katsan trannsenk (435)

25. How long is a term for a member of the House of Representatives?

Konbyen tan yon manda yon manm Chanm Reprezantan yo dire?

- Two (2) years
De (2) an

26. Why do U.S. representatives serve shorter terms than U.S. senators?

Poukisa reprezantan Etazini yo sèvi manda ki pi kout pase senatè Etazini yo?

- To more closely follow public opinion
Pou yo ka swiv opinyon piblik la pi pre

27. How many senators does each state have?

Konbyen senatè chak eta genyen?

- Two (2)
De (2)

28. Why does each state have two senators?

Poukisa chak eta gen de senatè?

- Equal representation (for small states)
Reprezantasyon egal (pou ti eta yo)
- The Great Compromise (Connecticut Compromise)
Gran Konpwomi an (Konpwomi Connecticut la)

29. Name your U.S. representative.

Site reprezantan Etazini w la.

- Answers will vary, depends on where you live.
Repons yo ap varye, sa depann kote w ap viv.

30. ★ What is the name of the Speaker of the House of Representatives now?

Ki non Prezidan Chanm Reprezantan yo kounye a?

- Mike Johnson
Mike Johnson

31. Who does a U.S. senator represent?

Kilès yon senatè Etazini reprezante?

- Citizens of their state
Sitwayen eta li a
- People of their state
Moun eta li a

32. Who elects U.S. senators?

Kilès ki eli senatè Etazini yo?

- Citizens from their state
Sitwayen ki soti nan eta yo a

33. Who does a member of the House of Representatives represent?

Kilès yon manm Chanm Reprezantan yo reprezante?

- Citizens in their (congressional) district
Sitwayen ki nan distri (kongresyonèl) li a
- Citizens in their district
Sitwayen ki nan distri li a
- People from their (congressional) district
Moun ki soti nan distri (kongresyonèl) li a
- People in their district
Moun ki nan distri li a

34. Who elects members of the House of Representatives?

Kilès ki eli manm Chanm Reprezantan yo?

- Citizens from their (congressional) district
Sitwayen ki soti nan distri (kongresyonèl) yo a

35. Some states have more representatives than other states. Why?

Kèk eta gen plis reprezantan pase lòt eta. Poukisa?

- (Because of) the state's population
(Poutèt) popilasyon eta a
- (Because) they have more people
(Paske) yo gen plis moun
- (Because) some states have more people
(Paske) kèk eta gen plis moun

36. ★ The President of the United States is elected for how many years?

Pou konbyen ane yo eli Prezidan Etazini an?

- Four (4) years
Kat (4) an

37. The President of the United States can serve only two terms. Why?

Prezidan Etazini an kapab sèvi sèlman de manda. Poukisa?

- (Because of) the 22nd Amendment
(Poutèt) 22yèm Amannman an
- To keep the president from becoming too powerful
Pou anpeche prezidan an vin twò pisan

38. ★ What is the name of the President of the United States now?

Ki non Prezidan Etazini an kounye a?

- Donald J. Trump
Donald J. Trump
- Donald Trump
Donald Trump

39. ★ What is the name of the Vice President of the United States now?

Ki non Vis Prezidan Etazini an kounye a?

- JD Vance
JD Vance
- J.D. Vance
J.D. Vance

40. If the president can no longer serve, who becomes president?

Si prezidan an pa ka sèvi ankò, kilès ki vin prezidan?

- The Vice President (of the United States)
Vis Prezidan (Etazini) an

41. Name one power of the president.

Site yon pouvwa prezidan an genyen.

- Signs bills into law
Li siyen pwojè lwa pou yo vin lwa
- Vetoes bills
Li mete veto sou pwojè lwa
- Enforces laws
Li fè respekte lwa yo
- Commander in Chief (of the military)
Kòmandan an Chèf (lame a)
- Chief diplomat
Chèf diplomat
- Appoints federal judges
Li nonmen jij federal

42. Who is Commander in Chief of the U.S. military?

Kilès ki Kòmandan an Chèf lame Etazini an?

- The President (of the United States)
Prezidan (Etazini) an

43. Who signs bills to become laws?

Kilès ki siyen pwojè lwa pou yo vin lwa?

- The President (of the United States)
Prezidan (Etazini) an

44. ★ Who vetoes bills?

Kilès ki mete veto sou pwojè lwa?

- The President (of the United States)
Prezidan (Etazini) an

45. Who appoints federal judges?

Kilès ki nonmen jij federal yo?

- The President (of the United States)
Prezidan (Etazini) an

46. The executive branch has many parts. Name one.

Branch egzekitif la gen anpil pati. Site youn.

- President (of the United States)
Prezidan (Etazini) an
- Cabinet
Kabinè a
- Federal departments and agencies
Depatman ak ajans federal yo

47. What does the President's Cabinet do?

Kisa Kabinè Prezidan an fè?

- Advises the President (of the United States)
Li konseye Prezidan (Etazini) an

48. What are two Cabinet-level positions?

Ki de pozisyon ki nan nivo Kabinè?

Give 2:

- Attorney General
Bay 2: Avoka Jeneral
- Secretary of Agriculture
Sekretè Agrikilti
- Secretary of Commerce
Sekretè Komès
- Secretary of Education
Sekretè Edikasyon
- Secretary of Energy
Sekretè Enèji
- Secretary of Health and Human Services
Sekretè Sante ak Sèvis Imen
- Secretary of Homeland Security
Sekretè Sekirite Enteryè
- Secretary of Housing and Urban Development
Sekretè Lojman ak Devlopman Iben
- Secretary of the Interior
Sekretè Enteryè
- Secretary of Labor
Sekretè Travay
- Secretary of State
Sekretè Deta
- Secretary of Transportation
Sekretè Transpò
- Secretary of the Treasury
Sekretè Trezò
- Secretary of Veterans Affairs
Sekretè Zafè Veteran
- Secretary of War (Defense)
Sekretè Lagè (Defans)
- Vice-President
Vis Prezidan
- Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency
Administratè Ajans Pwoteksyon Anviwònman an
- Administrator of the Small Business Administration
Administratè Administrasyon Ti Antrepriz yo
- Director of the Central Intelligence Agency
Direktè Ajans Santral Ransèyman an

- Director of the Office of Management and Budget
Direktè Biwo Jesyon ak Bidjè a
- Director of National Intelligence
Direktè Ransèyman Nasyonan
- United States Trade Representative
Reprezantan Komèsyal Etazini

49. Why is the Electoral College important?

Poukisa Kolèj Elektoral la enpòtan?

- It decides who is elected president.
Li decide kilès yo eli kòm prezidan.
- It provides a compromise between the popular election of the president and congressional selection.
Li bay yon konpwomi ant eleksyon popilè prezidan an ak seleksyon pa Kongrè a.

50. What is one part of the judicial branch?

Kisa ki yon pati nan branch jidisyè a?

- Supreme Court
Tribinal Siprèm nan
- Federal Courts
Tribinal Federal yo

51. What does the judicial branch do?

Kisa branch jidisyè a fè?

- Reviews laws
Li revize lwa yo
- Explains laws
Li eksplike lwa yo
- Interprets laws
Li entèprete lwa yo
- Resolves disputes (disagreements) about the law
Li rezoud diskisyon (dezakò) sou lalwa
- Decides if a law goes against the (U.S.) Constitution
Li decide si yon lwa ale kont Konstitisyon (Etazini) an

52. ★ What is the highest court in the United States?

Ki tribinal ki pi wo Etazini?

- Supreme Court
Tribinal Siprèm nan

53. How many seats are on the Supreme Court?

Konbyen syèj ki gen nan Tribinal Siprèm nan?

- Nine (9)
Nèf (9)

54. How many Supreme Court justices are usually needed to decide a case?

Konbyen jij Tribinal Siprèm yo mande anjeneral pou decide yon ka?

- Five (5)
Senk (5)

55. How long do Supreme Court justices serve?

Konbyen tan jij Tribinal Siprèm yo sèvi?

- (For) life
(Pou) tout lavi yo
- Lifetime appointment
Nominasyon pou tout lavi
- (Until) retirement
(Jiskaske) yo pran retrèt

56. Supreme Court justices serve for life. Why?

Jij Tribinal Siprèm yo sèvi pou tout lavi yo. Poukisa?

- To be independent (of politics)
Pou yo ka endepandan (anba politik)
- To limit outside (political) influence
Pou limite enfliyans (politik) ki soti deyò

57. Who is the Chief Justice of the United States now?

Kilès ki Jij an Chèf Etazini kounye a?

- John G. Roberts, Jr.
John G. Roberts, Jr.
- John Roberts
John Roberts

58. Name one power that is only for the federal government.

Site yon pouvwa ki sèlman pou gouvènman federal la.

- Print paper money
Enprime lajan papyè
- Mint coins
Fabrike pyès monnen
- Declare war
Deklare lagè
- Create an army
Kreye yon lame
- Make treaties
Fè trete
- Set foreign policy
Defini politik etranjè

59. Name one power that is only for the states.

Site yon pouvwa ki sèlman pou eta yo.

- Provide schooling and education
Bay lekòl ak edikasyon
- Provide protection (police)
Bay pwoteksyon (lapolis)
- Provide safety (fire departments)
Bay sekirite (ponpye)
- Give a driver's license
Bay lisans chofè
- Approve zoning and land use
Apwouve zonaj ak itilizasyon tè

60. What is the purpose of the 10th Amendment?

Ki objektif 10yèm Amannman an?

- (It states that the) powers not given to the federal government belong to the states or to the people.
(Li di ke) pouvwa yo pa bay gouvènman federal la apatni a eta yo oswa a pèp la.

61. ★ Who is the governor of your state now?

Kilès ki gouvènè eta w la kounye a?

- Answers will vary, depends on where you live.
Repons yo ap varye, sa depann kote w ap viv.

62. What is the capital of your state?

Ki kapital eta w la?

- Answers will vary, depends on where you live.
Repons yo ap varye, sa depann kote w ap viv.

Dwa ak responsablite

63. There are four amendments to the U.S. Constitution about who can vote. Describe one of them.

Gen kat amannman nan Konstitisyon Etazini sou kilès ki ka vote. Dekri youn ladan yo.

- Citizens eighteen (18) and older (can vote).
Sitwayen ki gen dizwit (18) an ak plis (ka vote).
- You don't have to pay (a poll tax) to vote.
Ou pa oblije peye (yon taks) pou ou vote.
- Any citizen can vote. (Women and men can vote.)
Nenpòt sitwayen ka vote. (Fanm ak gason ka vote.)
- A male citizen of any race (can vote).
Yon sitwayen gason nenpòt ki ras (ka vote).

64. Who can vote in federal elections, run for federal office, and serve on a jury in the United States?

Kilès ki ka vote nan eleksyon federal, poze kandidati pou yon pòs federal, epi sèvi nan yon jiri Etazini?

- Citizens
Sitwayen
- Citizens of the United States
Sitwayen Etazini
- U.S. citizens
Sitwayen ameriken

65. What are three rights of everyone living in the United States?

Ki twa dwa tout moun k ap viv Etazini genyen?

Give 3:

- Freedom of expression
Bay 3: Libète ekspresyon
- Freedom of speech
Libète lapawòl
- Freedom of assembly
Libète rasanbleman
- Freedom to petition the government
Libète pou fè petisyon bay gouvènman an
- Freedom of religion
Libète relijyon
- The right to bear arms
Dwa pou pote zam

66. ★ What do we show loyalty to when we say the Pledge of Allegiance?

Kisa nou montre lwayote nou anvè lè nou di Sèman Fidelite (Pledge of Allegiance) la?

- The United States
Etazini
- The flag
Drapo a

67. Name two promises that new citizens make in the Oath of Allegiance.

Site de pwomès nouvo sitwayen yo fè nan Sèman Fidelite (Oath of Allegiance) la.

Give 2:

- Give up loyalty to other countries
Bay 2: Kite lwayote anvè lòt peyi
- Defend the (U.S.) Constitution
Defann Konstitisyon (Etazini) an
- Obey the laws of the United States
Obeyi lwa Etazini yo
- Serve in the military (if needed)
Sèvi nan lame a (si sa nesesè)
- Serve (help, do important work for) the nation (if needed)
Sèvi (ede, fè travay enpòtan pou) nasyon an (si sa nesesè)
- Be loyal to the United States
Rete lwayal anvè Etazini

68. How can people become United States citizens?

Kijan moun ka vin sitwayen Etazini?

- Be born in the United States, under the conditions set by the 14th Amendment
Fèt Etazini, dapre kondisyon 14yèm Amannman an mete
- Naturalize
Natiralize
- Derive citizenship (under conditions set by Congress)
Jwenn sitwayènte (dapre kondisyon Kongrè a mete)

69. What are two examples of civic participation in the United States?

Ki de egzanp patisipasyon sivik Etazini?

Give 2:

- Vote
Bay 2: Vote
- Run for office
Poze kandidati
- Join a political party
Antre nan yon pati politik
- Help with a campaign
Ede nan yon kanpay
- Join a civic group
Antre nan yon gwoup sivik
- Join a community group
Antre nan yon gwoup kominotè
- Give an elected official your opinion (on an issue)
Bay yon ofisyèl eli opinyon w (sou yon kesyon)
- Contact elected officials
Kontakte ofisyèl eli yo
- Support or oppose an issue or policy
Sipòte oswa opoze yon kesyon oswa yon politik
- Write to a newspaper
Ekri yon journal

70. What is one way Americans can serve their country?

Ki yon fason Ameriken yo ka sèvi peyi yo?

- Vote
Vote
- Pay taxes
Peye taks
- Obey the law
Obeyi lalwa
- Serve in the military
Sèvi nan lame a
- Run for office
Poze kandidati
- Work for local, state, or federal government
Travay pou gouvènman lokal, eta, oswa federal

71. Why is it important to pay federal taxes?

Poukisa li enpòtan pou peye taks federal?

- Required by law
Lalwa mande sa
- All people pay to fund the federal government
Tout moun peye pou finanse gouvènman federal la
- Required by the (U.S.) Constitution (16th Amendment)
Konstitisyon (Etazini) an mande sa (16yèm Amannman)
- Civic duty
Devwa sivik

72. It is important for all men age 18 through 25 to register for the Selective Service. Name one reason why.

Li enpòtan pou tout gason ki gen 18 a 25 an enskri nan Selective Service. Site yon rezon poukisa.

- Required by law
Lalwa mande sa
- Civic duty
Devwa sivik
- Makes the draft fair, if needed
Li fè rekritman an jis, si sa nesesè

Epòk kolonyal ak endepandans

73. The colonists came to America for many reasons. Name one.

Kolon yo te vini Amerik pou anpil rezon. Site youn.

- Freedom
Libète
- Political liberty
Libète politik
- Religious freedom
Libète relijyon
- Economic opportunity
Opòtinite ekonomik
- Escape persecution
Chape anba pèsekisyon

74. ★ Who lived in America before the Europeans arrived?

Kilès ki te viv Amerik anvan Ewopeyen yo te rive?

- American Indians
Endyen Ameriken
- Native Americans
Ameriken natif natal

75. What group of people was taken and sold as slaves?

Ki gwoup moun yo te pran epi vann kòm esklav?

- Africans
Afriken
- People from Africa
Moun ki soti Afrik

76. What war did the Americans fight to win independence from Britain?

Ki lagè Ameriken yo te goumen pou yo genyen endepandans anba Grann Bretay?

- American Revolution
Revolisyon Ameriken an
- The (American) Revolutionary War
Lagè Revolisyone (Ameriken) an
- War for (American) Independence
Lagè pou Endepandans (Ameriken) an

77. Name one reason why the Americans declared independence from Britain.

Site yon rezon poukisa Ameriken yo te deklare endepandans anba Grann Bretay.

- High taxes
Taks wo
- Taxation without representation
Taksasyon san reprezantasyon
- British soldiers stayed in Americans' houses (boarding, quartering)
Sòlda Britanik yo te rete lakay Ameriken yo
- They did not have self-government
Yo pa t gen oto-gouvènman
- Boston Massacre
Masak Boston an
- Boston Tea Party (Tea Act)
Boston Tea Party (Tea Act)
- Stamp Act
Stamp Act
- Sugar Act
Sugar Act
- Townshend Acts
Townshend Acts
- Intolerable (Coercive) Acts
Intolerable (Coercive) Acts

78. ★ Who wrote the Declaration of Independence?

Kilès ki te ekri Deklarasyon Endepandans lan?

- (Thomas) Jefferson
(Thomas) Jefferson

79. When was the Declaration of Independence adopted?

Kilè yo te adopte Deklarasyon Endepandans lan?

- July 4, 1776
4 jiyè 1776

80. The American Revolution had many important events. Name one.

Revolisyon Ameriken an te gen anpil evènman enpòtan. Site youn.

- (Battle of) Bunker Hill
(Batay) Bunker Hill
- Declaration of Independence
Deklarasyon Endepandans lan
- Washington Crossing the Delaware (Battle of Trenton)
Washington k ap travèse Delaware la (Batay Trenton)
- (Battle of) Saratoga
(Batay) Saratoga
- Valley Forge (Encampment)
Valley Forge (kanpman an)
- (Battle of) Yorktown (British surrender at Yorktown)
(Batay) Yorktown (Britanik yo rann tèt yo Yorktown)

81. There were 13 original states. Name five.

Te gen 13 eta orijinal. Site senk.

Give 5:

- New Hampshire
Bay 5: New Hampshire
- Massachusetts
Massachusetts
- Rhode Island
Rhode Island
- Connecticut
Connecticut
- New York
New York
- New Jersey
New Jersey
- Pennsylvania
Pennsylvania
- Delaware
Delaware
- Maryland
Maryland
- Virginia
Virginia
- North Carolina
North Carolina
- South Carolina
South Carolina
- Georgia
Georgia

82. What founding document was written in 1787?

Ki dokiman fondatè yo te ekri an 1787?

- (U.S.) Constitution
Konstitisyon (Etazini) an

83. The Federalist Papers supported the passage of the U.S. Constitution. Name one of the writers.

Federalist Papers yo te sipòte adopsyon Konstitisyon Etazini an. Site youn nan moun ki te ekri yo.

- (James) Madison
(James) Madison
- (Alexander) Hamilton
(Alexander) Hamilton
- (John) Jay
(John) Jay
- Publius
Publius

84. Why were the Federalist Papers important?

Poukisa Federalist Papers yo te enpòtan?

- They helped people understand the (U.S.) Constitution.
Yo te ede moun konprann Konstitisyon (Etazini) an.
- They supported passing the (U.S.) Constitution.
Yo te sipòte adopsyon Konstitisyon (Etazini) an.
- They supported the (U.S.) Constitution.
Yo te sipòte Konstitisyon (Etazini) an.
- Supported the Constitution.
Yo te sipòte Konstitisyon an.
- Helped pass the Constitution.
Yo te ede fè Konstitisyon an pase.

85. Benjamin Franklin is famous for many things. Name one.

Benjamin Franklin selèb pou anpil bagay. Site youn.

- Founded the first free public libraries
Li te fonde premye bibliyotèk piblik gratis yo
- First Postmaster General of the United States
Premye Direktè Jeneral Lapòs Etazini
- Helped write the Declaration of Independence
Li te ede ekri Deklarasyon Endepandans lan
- Inventor
Envantè
- U.S. diplomat
Diplomat ameriken

86. ★ George Washington is famous for many things. Name one.

George Washington selèb pou anpil bagay. Site youn.

- "Father of Our Country"
"Papa Peyi Nou"
- First president of the United States
Premye prezidan Etazini
- General of the Continental Army
Jeneral Lane Kontinantal la
- President of the Constitutional Convention
Prezidan Konvansyon Konstitisyonèl la

87. Thomas Jefferson is famous for many things. Name one.

Thomas Jefferson selèb pou anpil bagay. Site youn.

- Writer of the Declaration of Independence
Li te ekri Deklarasyon Endependans lan
- Third president of the United States
Twazyèm prezidan Etazini
- Doubled the size of the United States (Louisiana Purchase)
Li te double gwosè Etazini (Acha Louisiana a)
- First Secretary of State
Premye Sekretè Deta
- Founded the University of Virginia
Li te fonde Inivèsite Vijini
- Writer of the Virginia Statute on Religious Freedom
Li te ekri Lwa Vijini sou Libète Relijye

88. James Madison is famous for many things. Name one.

James Madison selèb pou anpil bagay. Site youn.

- "Father of the Constitution"
"Papa Konstitisyon an"
- Fourth president of the United States
Katriyèm prezidan Etazini
- President during the War of 1812
Prezidan pandan Lagè 1812 la
- One of the writers of the Federalist Papers
Youn nan moun ki te ekri Federalist Papers yo

89. Alexander Hamilton is famous for many things. Name one.

Alexander Hamilton selèb pou anpil bagay. Site youn.

- First Secretary of the Treasury
Premye Sekretè Trezò a
- One of the writers of the Federalist Papers
Youn nan moun ki te ekri Federalist Papers yo
- Helped establish the First Bank of the United States
Li te ede etabli Premye Bank Etazini an
- Aide to General George Washington
Asistan Jeneral George Washington
- Member of the Continental Congress
Manm Kongrè Kontinantal la

Istwa ameriken: ane 1800 yo

90. What territory did the United States buy from France in 1803?

Ki teritwa Etazini te achte nan men Lafrans an 1803?

- Louisiana Territory
Teritwa Louisiana a
- Louisiana
Louisiana

91. Name one war fought by the United States in the 1800s.

Site yon lagè Etazini te goumen nan ane 1800 yo.

- War of 1812
Lagè 1812 la
- Mexican–American War
Lagè Meksiken–Ameriken an
- Civil War
Lagè Sivil la
- Spanish–American War
Lagè Espayòl–Ameriken an

92. Name the U.S. war between the North and the South.

Site lagè Etazini ki te ant Nò a ak Sid la.

- The Civil War
Lagè Sivil la

93. The Civil War had many important events. Name one.

Lagè Sivil la te gen anpil evènman enpòtan. Site youn.

- (Battle of) Fort Sumter
(Batay) Fort Sumter
- Emancipation Proclamation
Pwoklamasyon Emansipasyon an
- (Battle of) Vicksburg
(Batay) Vicksburg
- (Battle of) Gettysburg
(Batay) Gettysburg
- Sherman's March
Mach Sherman an
- (Surrender at) Appomattox
(Rannman an) Appomattox
- (Battle of) Antietam/Sharpsburg
(Batay) Antietam/Sharpsburg
- Lincoln was assassinated.
Yo te asasinen Lincoln.

94. ★ Abraham Lincoln is famous for many things. Name one.

Abraham Lincoln selèb pou anpil bagay. Site youn.

- Freed the slaves (Emancipation Proclamation)
Li te libere esklav yo (Pwoklamasyon Emansipasyon an)
- Saved (or preserved) the Union
Li te sove (oswa konsève) Inyon an
- Led the United States during the Civil War
Li te dirije Etazini pandan Lagè Sivil la
- 16th president of the United States
16yèm prezidan Etazini
- Delivered the Gettysburg Address
Li te bay Diskou Gettysburg la

95. What did the Emancipation Proclamation do?

Kisa Pwoklamasyon Emansipasyon an te fè?

- Freed the slaves
Li te libere esklav yo
- Freed slaves in the Confederacy
Li te libere esklav yo nan Konfederasyon an
- Freed slaves in the Confederate states
Li te libere esklav yo nan eta Konfederasyon yo
- Freed slaves in most Southern states
Li te libere esklav yo nan pifò eta Sid yo

96. What U.S. war ended slavery?

Ki lagè Etazini ki te mete fen nan esklavaj?

- The Civil War
Lagè Sivil la

97. What amendment says all persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are U.S. citizens?

Ki amannman ki di tout moun ki fèt oswa ki natiralize Etazini, epi ki anba jiridiksyon li, se sitwayen ameriken?

- 14th Amendment
14yèm Amannman an

98. When did all men get the right to vote?

Kilè tout gason te jwenn dwa pou vote?

- After the Civil War
Aprè Lagè Sivil la
- During Reconstruction
Pandan Rekonstriksyon an
- (With the) 15th Amendment
(Ak) 15yèm Amannman an
- 1870
1870

99. Name one leader of the women's rights movement in the 1800s.

Site yon lidè mouvman dwa fanm yo nan ane 1800 yo.

- Susan B. Anthony
Susan B. Anthony
- Elizabeth Cady Stanton
Elizabeth Cady Stanton
- Sojourner Truth
Sojourner Truth
- Harriet Tubman
Harriet Tubman
- Lucretia Mott
Lucretia Mott
- Lucy Stone
Lucy Stone

Istwa ameriken resan

100.Name one war fought by the United States in the 1900s.

Site yon lagè Etazini te goumen nan ane 1900 yo.

- World War I
Premye Gè Mondyal la
- World War II
Dezyèm Gè Mondyal la
- Korean War
Lagè Kore a
- Vietnam War
Lagè Vyetnam nan
- (Persian) Gulf War
Lagè Gòlf (Pèsik) la

101. Why did the United States enter World War I?

Poukisa Etazini te antre nan Premye Gè Mondyal la?

- Because Germany attacked U.S. (civilian) ships
Paske Almay te atake bato (sivil) ameriken
- To support the Allied Powers (England, France, Italy, and Russia)
Pou sipòte Pisans Alye yo (Angletè, Lafrans, Itali, ak Larisi)
- To oppose the Central Powers (Germany, Austria-Hungary, the Ottoman Empire, and Bulgaria)
Pou opoze Pisans Santral yo (Almay, Otrich-Ongri, Anpi Otoman an, ak Bilgari)

102.When did all women get the right to vote?

Kilè tout fanm te jwenn dwa pou vote?

- 1920
1920
- After World War I
Apre Premye Gè Mondyal la
- (With the) 19th Amendment
(Ak) 19yèm Amannman an

103.What was the Great Depression?

Kisa Gran Depresyon an te ye?

- Longest economic recession in modern history
Resesyon ekonomik ki pi long nan istwa modèn

104.When did the Great Depression start?

Kilè Gran Depresyon an te kòmanse?

- The Great Crash (1929)
Gran Kraze a (1929)
- Stock market crash of 1929
Kraze mache aksyon 1929 la

105.Who was president during the Great Depression and World War II?

Kilès ki te prezidan pandan Gran Depresyon an ak Dezyèm Gè Mondyal la?

- (Franklin) Roosevelt
(Franklin) Roosevelt

106.Why did the United States enter World War II?

Poukisa Etazini te antre nan Dezyèm Gè Mondyal la?

- (Bombing of) Pearl Harbor
(Bonbadman) Pearl Harbor
- Japanese attacked Pearl Harbor
Japonè yo te atake Pearl Harbor
- To support the Allied Powers (England, France, and Russia)
Pou sipòte Pisans Alye yo (Angletè, Lafrans, ak Larisi)
- To oppose the Axis Powers (Germany, Italy, and Japan)
Pou opoze Pisans Aks yo (Almay, Itali, ak Japon)

107. Dwight Eisenhower is famous for many things. Name one.

Dwight Eisenhower selèb pou anpil bagay. Site youn.

- General during World War II
Jeneral pandan Dezyèm Gè Mondyal la
- President at the end of (during) the Korean War
Prezidan nan fen (pandan) Lagè Kore a
- 34th president of the United States
34yèm prezidan Etazini
- Signed the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956 (Created the Interstate System)
Li te siyen Lwa Otowout Federal 1956 la (li te kreye Sistèm Entèetatik la)

108. Who was the United States' main rival during the Cold War?

Kilès ki te prensipal rival Etazini pandan Lagè Fwad la?

- Soviet Union
Inyon Sovyetik la
- USSR
URSS
- Russia
Larisi

109. During the Cold War, what was one main concern of the United States?

Pandan Lagè Fwad la, ki te youn nan prensipal enkyetid Etazini?

- Communism
Kominis
- Nuclear war
Lagè nikleyè

110. Why did the United States enter the Korean War?

Poukisa Etazini te antre nan Lagè Kore a?

- To stop the spread of communism
Pou anpeche kominis la gaye

111. Why did the United States enter the Vietnam War?

Poukisa Etazini te antre nan Lagè Vyetnam nan?

- To stop the spread of communism
Pou anpeche kominis la gaye

112. What did the civil rights movement do?

Kisa mouvman dwa sivil yo te fè?

- Fought to end racial discrimination
Li te goumen pou mete fen nan diskriminasyon rasyal

113. ★ Martin Luther King, Jr. is famous for many things. Name one.

Martin Luther King, Jr. selèb pou anpil bagay. Site youn.

- Fought for civil rights
Li te goumen pou dwa sivil
- Worked for equality for all Americans
Li te travay pou egalite pou tout Ameriken
- Worked to ensure that people would "not be judged by the color of their skin, but by the content of their character"
Li te travay pou asire moun pa t ap "jije yo sou koulè po yo, men sou sa yo ye nan kè yo"

114. Why did the United States enter the Persian Gulf War?

Poukisa Etazini te antre nan Lagè Gòlf Pèsik la?

- To force the Iraqi military from Kuwait
Pou fòse lame Irakien an kite Kowet

115. ★ What major event happened on September 11, 2001 in the United States?

Ki gwo evènman ki te rive 11 septanm 2001 Etazini?

- Terrorists attacked the United States
Teworis yo te atake Etazini
- Terrorists took over two planes and crashed them into the World Trade Center in New York City
Teworis yo te pran de avyon epi yo te frape World Trade Center nan vil New York
- Terrorists took over a plane and crashed into the Pentagon in Arlington, Virginia
Teworis yo te pran yon avyon epi yo te frape Pentagòn nan nan Arlington, Vijiini
- Terrorists took over a plane originally aimed at Washington, D.C., and crashed in a field in Pennsylvania
Teworis yo te pran yon avyon ki t ap vize Washington, D.C., epi li te tonbe nan yon jaden nan Pennsylvania

116. Name one U.S. military conflict after the September 11, 2001 attacks.

Site yon konfli militè Etazini apre atak 11 septanm 2001 yo.

- (Global) War on Terror
Lagè (Mondyal) kont Terè a
- War in Afghanistan
Lagè nan Afganistan
- War in Iraq
Lagè nan Irak

117. Name one American Indian tribe in the United States.

Site yon tribi Endyen Ameriken Etazini.

- Apache
Apache
- Blackfeet
Blackfeet
- Cayuga
Cayuga
- Cherokee
Cherokee
- Cheyenne
Cheyenne
- Chippewa
Chippewa
- Choctaw
Choctaw
- Creek
Creek
- Crow
Crow
- Hopi
Hopi
- Huron
Huron
- Inupiat
Inupiat
- Lakota
Lakota
- Mohawk
Mohawk
- Mohegan
Mohegan
- Navajo
Navajo
- Oneida
Oneida
- Onondaga
Onondaga
- Pueblo
Pueblo
- Seminole
Seminole
- Seneca
Seneca

- Shawnee
Shawnee
- Sioux
Sioux
- Teton
Teton
- Tuscarora
Tuscarora

118. Name one example of an American innovation.

Site yon egzanp yon inovasyon ameriken.

- Light bulb
Anpoul limyè
- Automobile (cars, internal combustion engine)
Otomobil (machin, motè konbisyon entèn)
- Skyscrapers
Gratsyèl
- Airplane
Avyon
- Assembly line
Chèn montaj
- Landing on the moon
Ateri sou lalin nan
- Integrated circuit (IC)
Sikwi entegre (IC)

Senbòl

119. What is the capital of the United States?

Ki kapital Etazini?

- Washington, D.C.
Washington, D.C.

120. Where is the Statue of Liberty?

Kote Estati Libète a ye?

- New York (Harbor)
New York (Pò a)
- Liberty Island [Also acceptable are New Jersey, near New York City, and on the Hudson (River).]
Liberty Island [Yo aksepte tou New Jersey, toupre vil New York, ak sou (Rivyè) Hudson.]

121. ★ Why does the flag have 13 stripes?

Poukisa drapo a gen 13 bann?

- (Because there were) 13 original colonies
(Paske te gen) 13 koloni orijinal
- (Because the stripes) represent the original colonies
(Paske bann yo) reprezante koloni orijinal yo

122. Why does the flag have 50 stars?

Poukisa drapo a gen 50 zetwal?

- (Because there is) one star for each state
(Paske gen) yon zetwal pou chak eta
- (Because) each star represents a state
(Paske) chak zetwal reprezante yon eta
- (Because there are) 50 states
(Paske gen) 50 eta

123. What is the name of the national anthem?

Ki non im nasyonal la?

- The Star–Spangled Banner
The Star–Spangled Banner

124. The Nation's first motto was "E Pluribus Unum." What does that mean?

Premye deviz Nasyon an te "E Pluribus Unum."

Kisa sa vle di?

- Out of many, one
Nan anpil, youn
- We all become one
Nou tout vin yon sèl

Jou ferye**125. What is Independence Day?**

Kisa Jou Endepandans lan ye?

- A holiday to celebrate U.S. independence
(from Britain)
Yon jou ferye pou selebre endepandans
Etazini (anba Grann Bretay)
- The country's birthday
Anivèsè peyi a

126. ★ Name three national U.S. holidays.

Site twa jou ferye nasyonal Etazini.

Give 3:

- New Year's Day
Bay 3: Jou Nouvèl Ane
- Martin Luther King, Jr. Day
Jou Martin Luther King, Jr.
- Presidents Day (Washington's Birthday)
Jou Prezidan yo (Anivèsè Washington)
- Memorial Day
Jou Souvni (Memorial Day)
- Juneteenth
Juneteenth
- Independence Day
Jou Endepandans
- Labor Day
Jou Travay (Labor Day)
- Columbus Day
Jou Columbus
- Veterans Day
Jou Veteran yo
- Thanksgiving Day
Jou Aksyon Gras
- Christmas Day
Jou Nwèl

127. What is Memorial Day?

Kisa Memorial Day ye?

- A holiday to honor soldiers who died in military service

Yon jou ferye pou onore sòlda ki mouri nan sèvis militè

128. What is Veterans Day?

Kisa Veterans Day ye?

- A holiday to honor people in the (U.S.) military

Yon jou ferye pou onore moun ki nan lame (Etazini) an

- A holiday to honor people who have served (in the U.S. military)

Yon jou ferye pou onore moun ki te sèvi (nan lame Etazini)

★ = youn nan 20 kesyon yo pou moun ki gen 65 an oswa plis epi ki rezidan pèmanan depi 20 an oswa plis.

Egzamen edikasyon sivik la fèt oral, an angle. Kreyòl ki sou paj sa a se yon èd pou etidye sèlman.

Kèk repons chanje avèk tan. Tcheke uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates

Sous: USCIS M-1778 (09/25), 128 Civics Questions (2025). Gid etid Patina Education. patinaeducation.com